

**3.10.6 Energy Benchmarks for Newly Constructed Small Hotels, by Selected City and End-Use
(thousand Btu per square foot)**

	<u>IECC Climate Zone</u>	<u>Heating</u>	<u>Cooling</u>	<u>Water Heating</u>	<u>Ventilation</u>
Miami	1A	0.2	17.9	5.4	5.3
Houston	2A	2.5	13.6	6.5	5.0
Phoenix	2B	1.8	14.1	5.9	5.3
Atlanta	3A	4.5	9.7	7.6	4.8
Los Angeles	3B	1.6	7.5	7.4	4.5
Las Vegas	3B	3.0	10.5	6.6	4.9
San Francisco	3C	4.2	5.2	8.3	4.3
Baltimore	4A	8.0	7.8	8.4	4.5
Albuquerque	4B	5.1	7.1	8.2	5.0
Seattle	4C	6.9	4.1	8.8	4.1
Chicago	5A	11.6	6.3	9.1	4.4
Boulder	5B	8.2	5.4	9.1	4.8
Minneapolis	6A	16.3	5.8	9.7	4.4
Helena	6B	12.8	4.0	9.9	4.5
Duluth	7	20.7	3.9	10.8	4.3
Fairbanks	8	36.6	2.7	12.0	3.9

Note(s): Commercial building energy benchmarks are based off of the current stock of commercial buildings and reflect 2004 ASHRAE 90.1 Climate Zones. They are designed to provide a consistent baseline to compare building performance in energy-use simulations. The benchmark building had 43,186 square feet and 4 floors. Benchmark interior lighting energy = 13.79 thousand Btu/SF. Interior equipment energy consumption = 21.98 thousand Btu/SF.

Source(s): DOE/EERE/BT, Commercial Building Benchmark Models, Version 1.3_5.0, Nov. 2010, accessed January 2012 at http://www1.eere.energy.gov/buildings/commercial_initiative/new_construction.html.